

Scuola del Mandolino di C. Munier

Lo Scioglidita, Parte I, Esercizi giornalieri di velocità, Prima posizione op. 199

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Carlo Munier lebte von 1859 – 1911. Seine Mandolinenschule erschien erstmals 1891.

Als Ergänzung zur Mandolinenschule erschienen vier Hefte unter dem Titel Lo Scioglidita. Diese werden nicht mehr gedruckt und sind sehr schwer zu finden. Ich habe die gescannte Version aller vier Hefte dankenswerter Weise von Richard Walz erhalten und habe vor, alle vier Teile neu zu setzen und kostenlos zur Verfügung zu stellen.

Der erste Teil enthält Übungen in der ersten Lage

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Carlo Munier lived from 1859 – 1911. His method for the mandolin was first published in 1891.

It was followed by Lo Scioglidita – velocity exercices – in four parts. Lo Scioglidita is not printed any more and is very difficult to find. I have got a scanned version by Richard Walz and I am planning to make all four parts available for free download from my homepage.

The first part treats exercises in the first position in all keys.

Lo Scioglidita

Parte I

Scale in tutti i toni minori

Carlo Munier

op. 199

G

A musical score for the G minor scale. It consists of ten staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 2/4 time signature. The subsequent staves switch to a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 4/4 time signature. The music is composed of eighth-note patterns, primarily sixteenth-note runs, separated by quarter note rests.

The second through tenth staves of the G minor scale. Each staff follows the established pattern of a treble clef, one sharp (F#), and 4/4 time, featuring sixteenth-note runs and quarter note rests.

D

A musical score for the D minor scale. It consists of ten staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 2/4 time signature. The subsequent staves switch to a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 4/4 time signature. The music is composed of eighth-note patterns, primarily sixteenth-note runs, separated by quarter note rests.

The second through tenth staves of the D minor scale. Each staff follows the established pattern of a treble clef, one sharp (F#), and 4/4 time, featuring sixteenth-note runs and quarter note rests.

The final staff of the D minor scale, concluding the section of minor scales.

A

Sheet music for section A in 2/4 time with a key signature of two sharps. The music consists of six staves of eighth-note patterns. Measure 1 starts with a dotted half note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 2-6 each begin with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by a eighth-note pattern.

E

Sheet music for section E in 2/4 time with a key signature of three sharps. The music consists of six staves of eighth-note patterns. Measure 1 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by a eighth-note pattern. Measures 2-6 each begin with a eighth-note pattern followed by a sixteenth-note pattern.

H

F#







C

Scale in tutti i toni minori

E

H

F# 

C# 

G# 



Musical staff G in E-flat major (three flats) and common time. The staff shows eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 4 ends with a repeat sign.



C

G

D

A musical score for "The Star-Spangled Banner" arranged for four voices. The score consists of four staves, each starting with a treble clef and a common time signature. The first staff begins with a dynamic of 'A' followed by a measure of three eighth notes. The second staff starts with a dynamic of '3'. The third staff begins with a dynamic of '3'. The fourth staff starts with a dynamic of '4'. The music includes various rests and dynamics such as '3', '4', and '2'. The score concludes with a final dynamic of '3'.

Salti in tutti i toni maggiori

G

D

A

E

H

F# 

G b 

D b 

A $\text{b} \quad \frac{2}{4}$

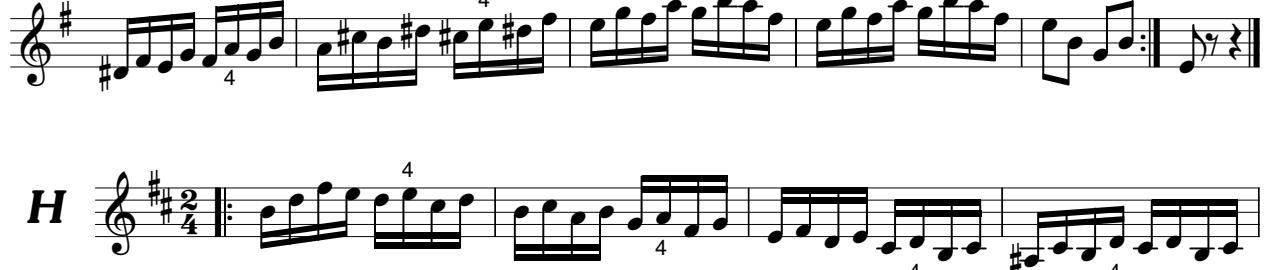
E $\text{b} \quad \frac{2}{4}$

B $\text{b} \quad \frac{2}{4}$



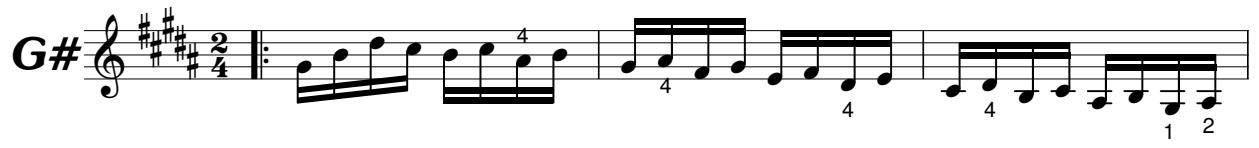
Salvi in tutti i toni minori

E 

H 

F# 

C# 



mezzo posiz.

1. posiz.

E

B

F

C

G

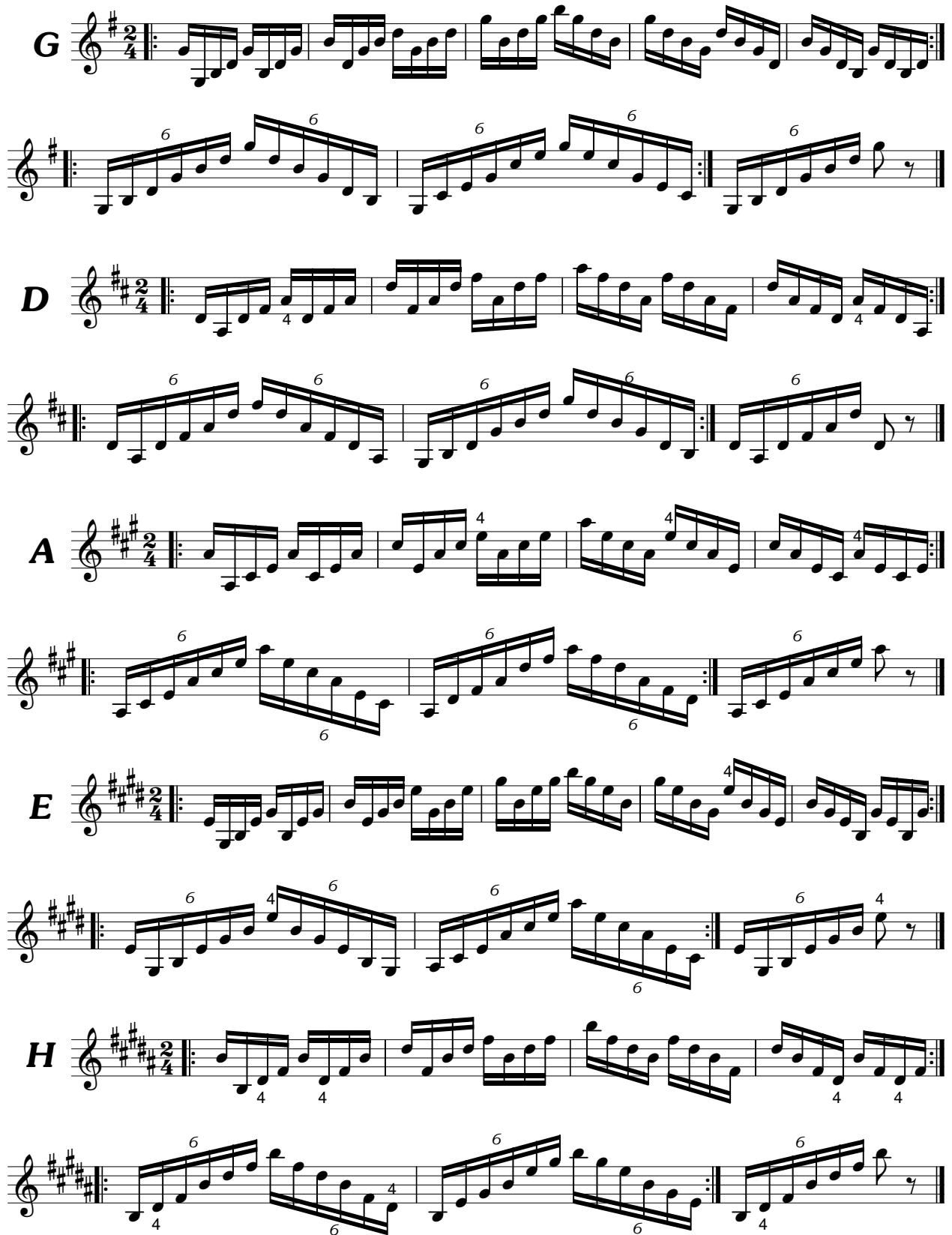
D

A

B

E

Arpeggi in tutti i toni maggiori



The image shows eight staves of musical notation, each labeled with a letter: G, D, A, E, and H. Each staff is in 2/4 time and consists of two measures. The notation uses a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first measure of each staff contains sixteenth-note patterns, while the second measure contains eighth-note patterns. Measure two concludes with a half note followed by a fermata. Measures three and four show sixteenth-note patterns. Measure four concludes with a half note followed by a fermata. Measures five and six show sixteenth-note patterns. Measure six concludes with a half note followed by a fermata. Measures seven and eight show sixteenth-note patterns. Measure eight concludes with a half note followed by a fermata.

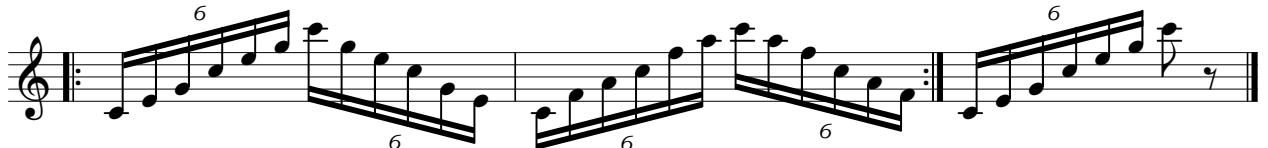
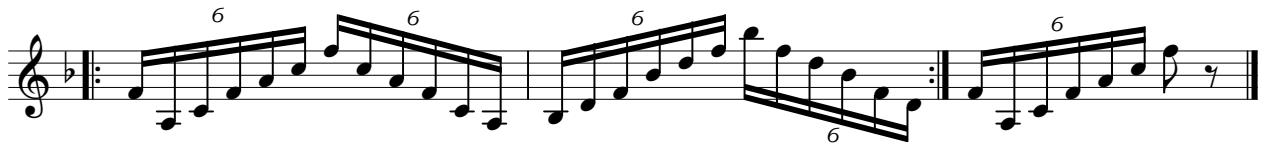
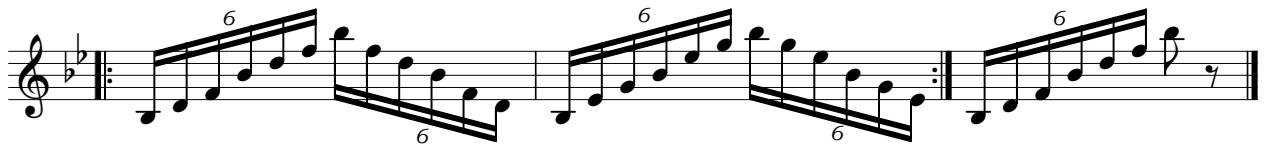
F#

Gb

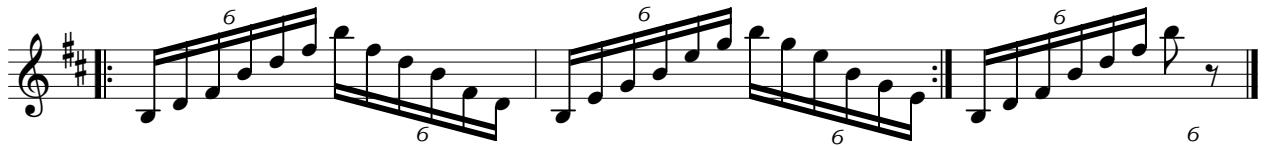
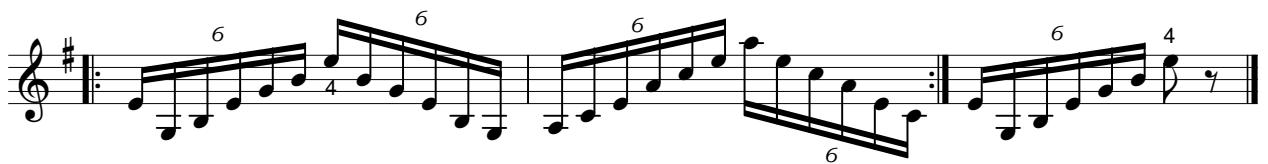
Db

Ab

Eb



Arpeggi in tutti i toni minori



F#

C#

G#

Eb

B

F

C

G

D

A